Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

1. If you are being followed too closely while driving, you should:
   A. Drive closer to the car in front of you.
   B. Speed up to increase the distance between you and the following vehicle.
   C. **Slow down and keep to the right, allowing the following vehicle to pass.**
   D. Maintain your speed and move left to block the following vehicle from passing.

2. The flashing of directional signals as an indication to other vehicles that it is safe to pass is:
   A. Against the law at all times.
   B. Recommended but not required by law.
   C. Required by law at night only.
   D. **Required by law at all times.**

3. As you approach any intersection, you should be prepared to avoid colliding with:
   A. **Pedestrians and bicyclists coming from any direction.**
   B. Pedestrians and bicyclists coming from your right.
   C. Pedestrians and bicyclists coming from behind you.
   D. Nobody if you have the right-of-way.

4. At an intersection with four-way stop signs, the right-of-way should be given to the vehicle:
   A. Entering from the left.
   B. **Arriving first.**
   C. Going straight ahead.
   D. Traveling at the highest speed.

5. A double yellow link in the center of the highway mans:
   A. **Do not pass.**
   B. Pass with caution.
   C. No turns are allowed.
   D. Come to a complete stop.

6. Headlights must be used from:
   A. ½ hour after sunset to ½ hour before sunrise.
   B. ½ hour before sunset to ½ hour after sunrise.
   C. **Sunset to Sunrise.**
   D. 8:00 PM to 8:00 AM

7. A flashing red traffic light means that the driver must:
   A. Reduce speed.
   B. **Stop before going on.**
   C. Drive on with caution.
   D. Turn at the next corner.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

8. A solid yellow line on the right side of a broken yellow center line means:
   A. Slow down.
   B. Passing is not allowed.
   C. Pass only when the lane is clear of oncoming traffic.
   D. A speed zone is ahead.

9. When entering an expressway, never stop in the acceleration lane unless traffic is:
   A. Too heavy for you to merge safely.
   B. Moving at less than 40 miles per hour.
   C. Exceeding the posted speed limit.
   D. Approaching from the entrance ramp behind you.

10. You must comply with the Financial Responsibility Law (prove you are insured with liability insurance) if:
    A. You are at fault in a crash.
    B. Your driving privilege was suspended for habitual traffic offenses.
    C. You are convicted of driving under the influence.
    D. All of the above.

11. Your driving privilege will be suspended if you:
    A. Fail to pay a traffic citation.
    B. Fail to maintain insurance coverage on your registered vehicle.
    C. Accumulate 12 points within 12 months.
    D. All of the above.

12. If you refuse to take a blood, urine, or breath test to determine if you are driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, you will automatically:
    A. Have your driving privilege suspended for one year.
    B. Be required to pay a $500 fine.
    C. Have your motor vehicle insurance cancelled by the State.
    D. Be assigned to 50 hours of community service.

13. If a law enforcement officer stops a vehicle for a traffic violation and finds a front-seat passenger 17 years of age or younger not wearing a safety belt, a safety belt violation will be charged to:
    A. The front-seat passenger.
    B. The driver of the vehicle.
    C. Both the driver and the front-seat passenger.
    D. Neither the driver nor the front-seat passenger.

14. If you approach a red light and a traffic officer directs you to go through the intersection without stopping, you should:
    A. Stop until the light turns to green.
    B. Stop until the light changes to yellow.
    C. Stop, then drive on carefully.
    D. Go through the intersection without stopping.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

15. If you hit a parked vehicle and are unable to find the owner, you should:
   A. Leave your name and address in an easily seen place on the vehicle.
   B. Notify the owner’s insurance company.
   C. Forget it unless the owner contacts you.
   D. Write the owner a letter.

16. When driving on an interstate highway and you approach an emergency vehicle parked on the roadway with the emergency lights activated what must you do?
   A. Pull over immediately.
   B. Slow down and be prepared to stop.
   C. When safe, leave the lane closest to the emergency vehicle.
   D. Keep driving the same amount of speed.

17. When passing a vehicle on a two-lane roadway, you must return to the right hand side of the road before coming within:
   A. 100 feet of an oncoming vehicle.
   B. 200 feet of an oncoming vehicle.
   C. 300 feet of an oncoming vehicle.
   D. 500 feet of an oncoming vehicle.

18. Before making a left or right turn, you should signal for at least:
   A. 50 feet.
   B. 100 feet.
   C. 300 feet.
   D. 400 feet.

19. If you drive after drinking, you should be aware that the first thing alcohol affects is:
   A. Your alertness.
   B. Your vision.
   C. Your judgment.
   D. Your hearing.

20. At an intersection having no traffic signs or signals, you must yield the right-of-way if:
   A. You arrive while a vehicle is already at the intersection.
   B. You enter or cross a state highway from a secondary road.
   C. You enter or cross a paved road from an unpaved road.
   D. All of the above.

21. You are driving too slowly if you:
   A. Block other vehicles moving at normal safe speeds.
   B. Drive at speeds less than the posted speed limit.
   C. Drive at speeds less than 40 miles per hour on any highway.
   D. Did not pass other vehicles often.
22. While driving a vehicle, you see a pedestrian crossing the street in front of you, carrying a white cane with a red tip. You must:
   A. Proceed at the same speed, but with caution.
   B. Reduce your speed to 5 miles per hour.
   C. **Come to a complete stop.**
   D. Pull to the side of the road.

23. At an intersection having no traffic signs or signals, you must yield the right-of-way if:
   A. You arrive while a vehicle is already at the intersection.
   B. You enter or cross a state highway from a secondary road.
   C. You enter or cross a paved road from an unpaved road.
   D. **All of the above.**

24. On a two-lane highway, you are allowed to drive on the left half of the roadway when:
   A. There is a double yellow center line.
   B. There is a solid line on your side of the center line.
   C. **It is safe to pass and passing is allowed.**
   D. You are approaching a corner at which you intend to turn left.

25. If a school bus stops to unload children on a four-lane highway, divided by a four-foot paved strip, vehicles traveling in the opposite direction are:
   A. Not required to stop.
   B. Required to pull onto the shoulder of the road and proceed cautiously.
   C. Required to stop, then proceed with caution.
   D. **Required to stop until the stop signal on the bus is withdrawn.**

26. When driving in the rain, fog or smoke in the daytime, you must:
   A. Turn on your parking lights.
   B. **Turn on your low-beam headlights.**
   C. Turn on your high-beam headlights.
   D. Avoid using any lights at all.

27. You can be charged with DUI in Florida if you are found to be driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of:
   A. Alcoholic beverages.
   B. Narcotic drugs, even if taken under prescription.
   C. Model glue or other stimulants.
   D. **All of the above.**

28. When approaching a traffic signal showing a steady yellow light, you should:
   A. Speed up to get through the intersection before the light turns red.
   B. Speed up only if the way is clear.
   C. **Stop if you can.**
   D. Turn right only.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

29. If you are found guilty of not stopping to help when the vehicle you were driving was involved in a crash causing death or personal injury,
   A. Your insurance will be cancelled by the State.
   B. Your driver’s license will be revoked.
   C. You will be required to pay the hospital bill.
   D. Your vehicle must be impounded.

30. While driving on an expressway, before you begin to change lanes, you should signal and then:
   A. Begin to change lanes
   B. Wait until the road ahead is straight.
   C. Look to make sure your blind spot is clear.
   D. Slow down and be prepared to stop.

31. When approaching a bicyclist from the rear, you should slow down and:
   A. Tap our horn to warn the bicyclist.
   B. Wait until it is safe to pass the bicyclist with at least three feet of clearance.
   C. Follow at least three feet behind until the bicyclist signals it is safe to pass.
   D. Stay as far right in the right lane as possible without hitting the bicyclist.

32. A green arrow showing at the same time as the red traffic light means:
   A. You may go in the direction of the arrow with caution.
   B. Vehicles going in the direction shown by the arrow must stop.
   C. Do not go in the direction of the arrow until the traffic light turns green.
   D. Road closed ahead; go in the direction of the arrow.

33. If a school bus stops to unload children on a two-lane highway, vehicles traveling in the opposite direction are:
   A. Not required to stop.
   B. Required to signal, then proceed with caution.
   C. Required to stop, then proceed with caution.
   D. Required to stop until the stop signal on the bus is withdrawn.

34. Unless otherwise posted, the speed limit for a passenger car on a two-lane highway is:
   A. 35 m.p.h.
   B. 45 m.p.h.
   C. 55 m.p.h.
   D. 65 m.p.h.

35. When driving a vehicle on a roadway on a roadway that has a bike lane, as you are preparing to turn right, you should slow
   A. Stop as you cross over the bike lane and wait for bicyclists to go around you.
   B. Tap your horn and signal your turn before crossing over the bike lane.
   C. Check for bicyclists and signal your turn before crossing over the bike lane.
   D. Cross over the bike lane and stop to make sure nobody is injured.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

36. A solid yellow line on your side of the center line of the highway means:
   A. Slow down.
   B. Do not pass.
   C. Pass only with extreme caution.
   D. A speed zone is ahead.

37. A flashing yellow traffic light means:
   A. Proceed with caution.
   B. Stop, then proceed with caution.
   C. Yield the right-of-way after stopping.
   D. Railroad ahead.

38. If you see red reflectors facing you in the pavement edge line, this means you are:
   A. Approaching a stop sign.
   B. Facing traffic the wrong way.
   C. Approaching a busy intersection.
   D. In a no-passing zone.

39. Two cars, coming from opposite directions, enter an intersection with no traffic signs or signals. One intends to turn left, the other is going straight ahead. The driver of the turning car:
   A. Has the right-of-way and should turn.
   B. Should yield the right-of-way to the driver of the vehicle going straight ahead.
   C. Should go straight ahead instead, then turn left at the next intersection.
   D. Should turn right and then turn around.

40. You should stop at a railroad crossing with mechanical gates and lights whenever:
   A. A rail car is stopped near the crossing.
   B. A railroad worker is working near the crossing.
   C. The crossing lights are flashing.
   D. The crossing gates are up.

41. If you drive past the exit where you wanted to leave an interstate highway, you should:
   A. Go on to the next exit.
   B. Wait until traffic is clear, then back up to your exit.
   C. Turn around and return to your exit.
   D. Drive across the median strip and return to your exit.

42. As you are preparing to turn right at an intersection, you should:
   A. Slow down to a safe turning speed.
   B. Search over your right shoulder for bicyclists and pedestrians behind you.
   C. Yield the right-of-way to all bicyclists and pedestrians entering the intersection.
   D. All of the above.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

43. Unless otherwise posted, the speed limit in a residential area is:
   A. 15 miles per hour.
   B. 25 miles per hour.
   C. 30 miles per hour.
   D. 35 miles per hour.

44. When approaching another vehicle from the rear at night, you must dim your bright headlights within:
   A. 100 feet of another vehicle.
   B. 200 feet of another vehicle.
   C. 300 feet of another vehicle.
   D. 600 feet of another vehicle.

45. If you are involved in a minor crash and your vehicle is blocking the flow of traffic, you should:
   A. Wait for police to arrive before trying to move it.
   B. Wait until someone complains about it first, then try to move it.
   C. Attempt to move it out of the roadway immediately if you can.
   D. Leave the vehicle where it is and ask someone for a ride.

46. When merging onto an expressway from an acceleration lane, you should:
   A. Yield the right-of-way to all traffic already on the expressway.
   B. Always come to a complete stop.
   C. Speed up as quickly as possible to beat expressway traffic approaching from behind.
   D. Enter the right lane of the expressway at any point, because you have the right-of-way.

47. When turning right from a four-lane highway into another four-lane highway, your turn should be made from:
   A. Left lane into a left lane.
   B. Left lane into a right lane.
   C. Right lane into either lane.
   D. Right lane into a right lane.

48. Any driver under 21 years of age who is stopped by law enforcement officer and found to have a breath or blood alcohol level of .2 or higher will, at the time of arrest:
   A. Be required a pay a $500 fine.
   B. Have their driving privilege suspended for six months.
   C. Have their motor vehicle insurance canceled by the state.
   D. Be assigned up to 50 hours of community service.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

49. Riders of bicycles and mopeds on a roadway have the same rights and responsibilities as:
   A. Pedestrians.
   B. Motor vehicles drivers.
   C. Skaters and Skateboarders
   D. Disabled persons.

50. If a school bus stops to unload children on a divided highway with a dividing barrier, vehicles traveling in the opposite direction are
   A. Not required to stop.
   B. Required to stop, then drive on with care.
   C. Required to pull onto the shoulder of the road and stop.
   D. Required to stop until the bus stop signal has been withdrawn.

51. Unless overtaking and passing, it is unlawful for one truck to follow another truck, on open highways, closer than
   A. 100 feet.
   B. 200 feet.
   C. 300 feet.
   D. 400 feet.

52. If you refuse to take a blood, urine or breath test to determine if you are driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, you will automatically:
   A. Have your driving privilege suspended for one year.
   B. Be required to pay a $500 fine.
   C. Have your motor vehicle insurance canceled by the State.
   D. Be assigned to 50 hours of community service.

53. The first time you are convicted of DUI in Florida, you may face:
   A. A fine of up to $1,000.
   B. Up to 9 months in prison.
   C. Revocation of your driving privilege for at least 180 days.
   D. All of the above.

54. When approaching a parked authorized emergency vehicle with its emergency lights activated or a wrecker displaying amber rotating or flashing lights performing a recover or loading on the roadside, what must you do?
   A. Slow down to speed that is 5 miles per hour less than the posted speed limit when the speed limit is 25 miles per hour or more.
   B. Slow down to speed that is more than 20 miles per hour less than the posted speed limit when the speed limit is 25 miles per hour or hour.
   C. Slow down to speed that is 15 miles per hour less than the posted speed limit when the speed limit is 25 miles per hour or more.
   D. Slow down to speed that is 10 miles per hour less than the posted speed limit when the speed limit is 25 miles per hour or more.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

55. If a traffic signal is out of order, you should:
   A. Pull over and wait for a law enforcement officer’s instructions.
   B. Yield the right-of-way to all traffic making a left turn.
   C. **Stop as you would for a four-way stop sign.**
   D. Continue on with caution.

56. Unless otherwise posted, the speed limit on rural interstate highways is:
   A. 55 mph
   B. 65 mph
   C. **70 mph**
   D. 75 mph

   If a law enforcement officer stops a vehicle for a traffic violation and finds a front-seat passenger 18 years of age or older not wearing a safety belt, a safety belt violation will be charged to:
   A. **The front-seat passenger**.
   B. The driver of the vehicle.
   C. Both the driver and the front-seat passenger.
   D. Neither the driver nor the front-seat passenger.

57. High-beam headlights must not be used within:
   A. **500 feet of oncoming vehicles**.
   B. 400 feet of oncoming vehicles.
   C. 300 feet of oncoming vehicles.
   D. 200 feet of oncoming vehicles.

58. A license plate light is:
   A. Not allowed equipment.
   B. Required on commercial vehicles only.
   C. **Required equipment**.
   D. Optional equipment.

59. If gates rise at a railway crossing, but the red light is still flashing, you should:
   A. Drive as quickly as possible across the crossing.
   B. Drive carefully cross the crossing.
   C. **Stop and wait until the red lights stop flashing**.
   D. Leave the car to make sure no train is approaching, and then proceed at a normal speed across the crossing.

60. Which of the following is an acceptable reason for not wearing seatbelts?
   A. Your car is equipped with airbags.
   B. You are only moving your car a short distance in a secured area.
   C. You are not driving faster than 12 mph.
   D. **None of the above**.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

62. Which of the following must you obey over the other three?
   A. A stop sign.
   B. A flagger.
   C. A steady red light.
   D. A flashing red light.

63. What is the best advice to a driver that has taken too many drinks?
   A. To drink black coffee
   B. To take a cold shower.
   C. To ask somebody who has not been drinking to drive.
   D. To wait an hour for each drink.

64. To avoid glare from high-beam headlights of an approaching car.
   A. Look to the right-hand edge of the road.
   B. Focus on the center line on the road.
   C. Adjust your instrument lights so they are brighter.
   D. Turn on your high beams.

65. Vehicles in a roundabout always travel in:
   A. Two directions.
   B. One direction.

66. Which of the following is not allowed on expressways?
   A. Vehicles weighing 33,000 pounds or more.
   B. Vehicles weighing less than 6,000 pounds.
   C. Animal-drawn vehicles.
   D. Motorcycles.

67. What is a suitable restraint system for a child 13 years old?
   A. A child car seat.
   B. A seat belt.
   C. A booster seat.
   D. None of the above.

68. If you approach a traffic signal with a steady yellow light, you should:
   A. Stop at the stop line.
   B. Go slowly.
   C. Go if the way is clear.

69. When driving in fog, you should:
   A. Follow other vehicles closely.
   B. Reduce your speed.
   C. Turn off your headlights.
   D. Use your high beams.
Florida Class E Knowledge Exam Road Rule Practice Answers

70. What should you do if you feel tired and nothing seems to help you stay awake while driving?
   A. Keep your eyes focused straight ahead.
   B. Try to think about something else than driving.
   C. Increase speed and engage in conversation.
   D. Pull off the highway and take a break.

71. A large truck is turning right onto a street with two lanes in each direction. The truck:
   A. Must stay in the right lane at all times when turning.
   B. May need to swing wide to complete the turn.
   C. Will always complete its turn in the left lane to eliminate a wide turn.

72. A center lane may be used for:
   A. Passing slower vehicles.
   B. Left Turns.
   C. Slowing down before a turn.
   D. Both left and right turns.

73. When required to stop at a railroad crossing, you must stop and keep the following distance to the nearest rail:
   A. No more than 15 feet.
   B. More than 50 feet.
   C. No closer than 15 feet and no more than 50 feet.
   D. No closer than 50 feet.

74. A flashing yellow light means:
   A. Stop completely and yield.
   B. The red signal is about to appear.
   C. Slow down and proceed with caution.

75. Which of the following is one factor that greatly affects your stopping distance?
   A. Roadway conditions.
   B. Steering ability.
   C. Posted speed limit.
   D. Blind spots.

76. Florida law states that commercial trucks have the right-of-way on Florida highways.
   A. True.
   B. False.